

# Science from ZTF

Lin Yan (Caltech)

# The two major ZTF public surveys

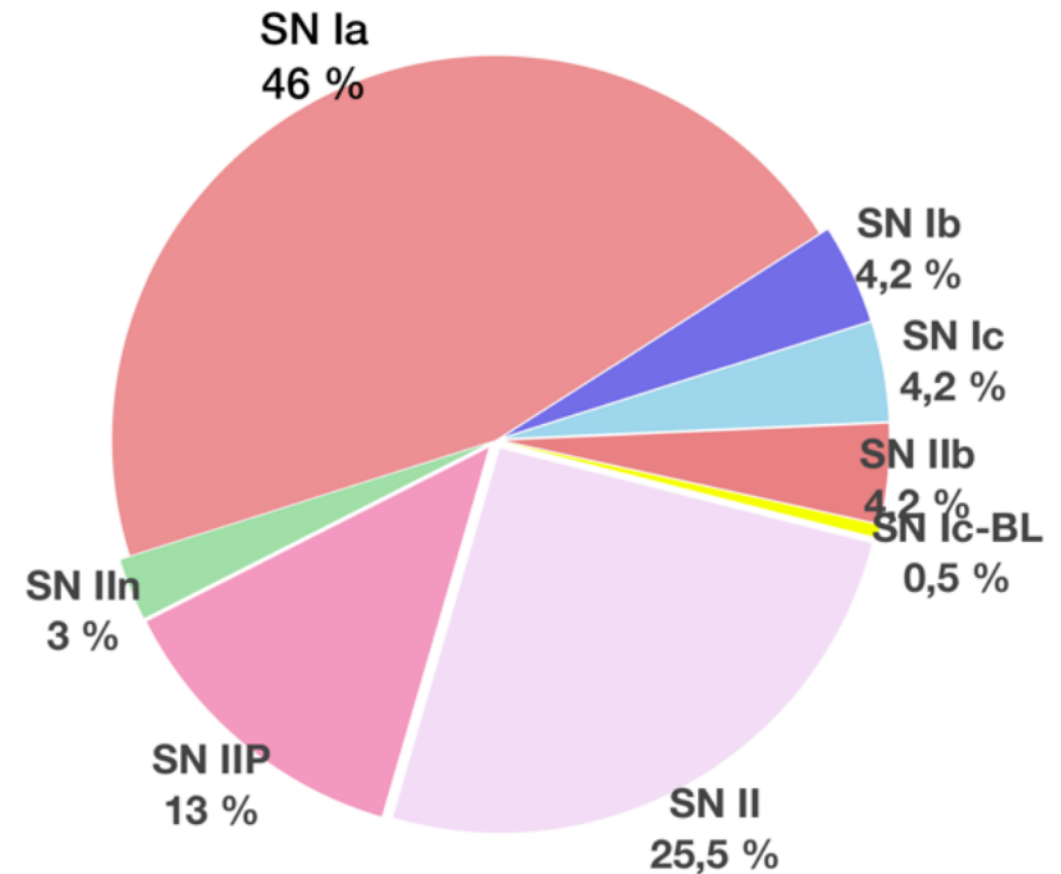
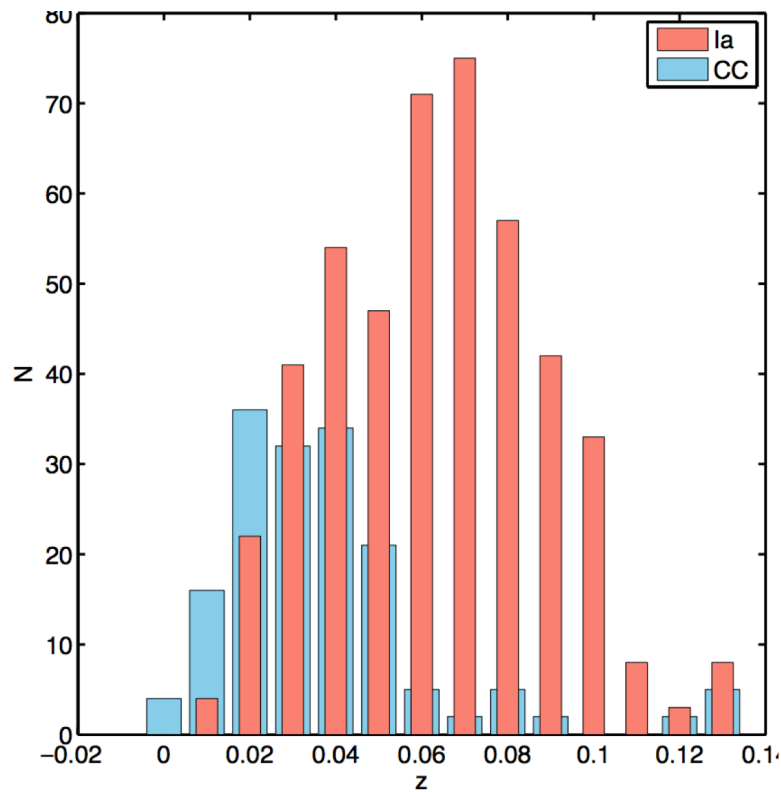
- Northern Sky Survey
  - 2 visits/night (g+r) for asteroid rejection, 3-day cadence on average;  $\sim 23,675$ sq deg
- Galactic Plane Survey
  - Nightly sweep of the Galactic plane ( $|b| < 7$ ; 1 day cadence in g & r),  $\sim 2800$ sqdeg

# Broad categories:

- ❖ Supernova
- ❖ Nuclear transients – (TDE, AGN)
- ❖ Stellar variables (binary & flaring)
- ❖ Asteroids

# Supernova – (1) rates and luminosity functions:

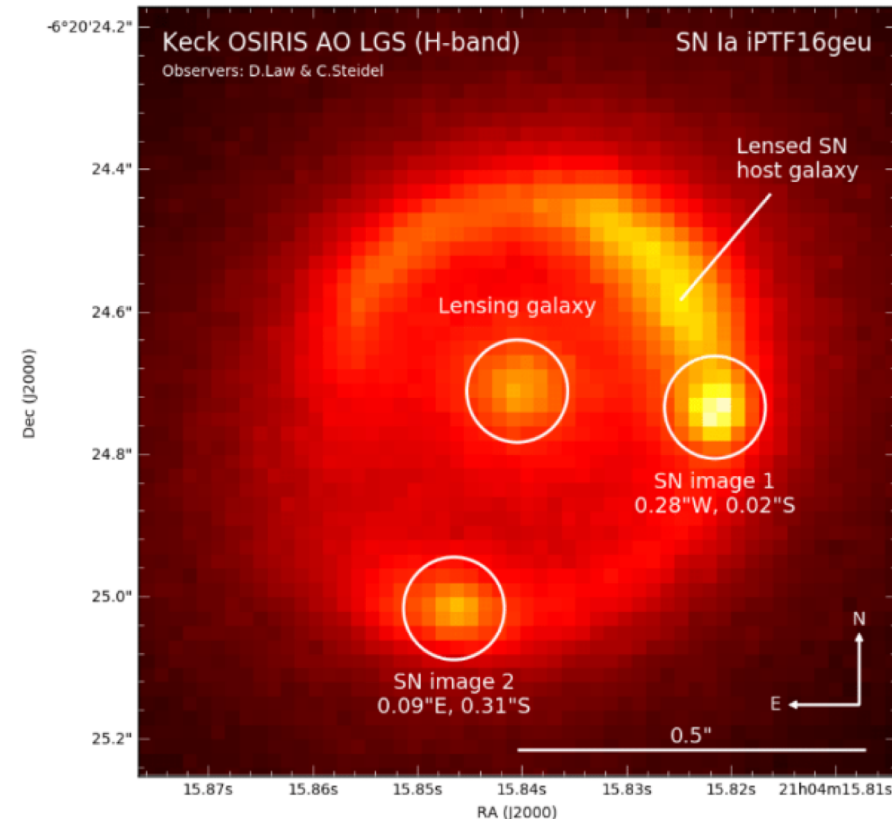
- The ZTF Bright Transient Survey (BTS)
  - All alerts brighter than 18.5mag are spectrally classified, primarily using SEDM on Palomar 60inch
  - Total classified: 622 (477 Ia, 177 ccSN)





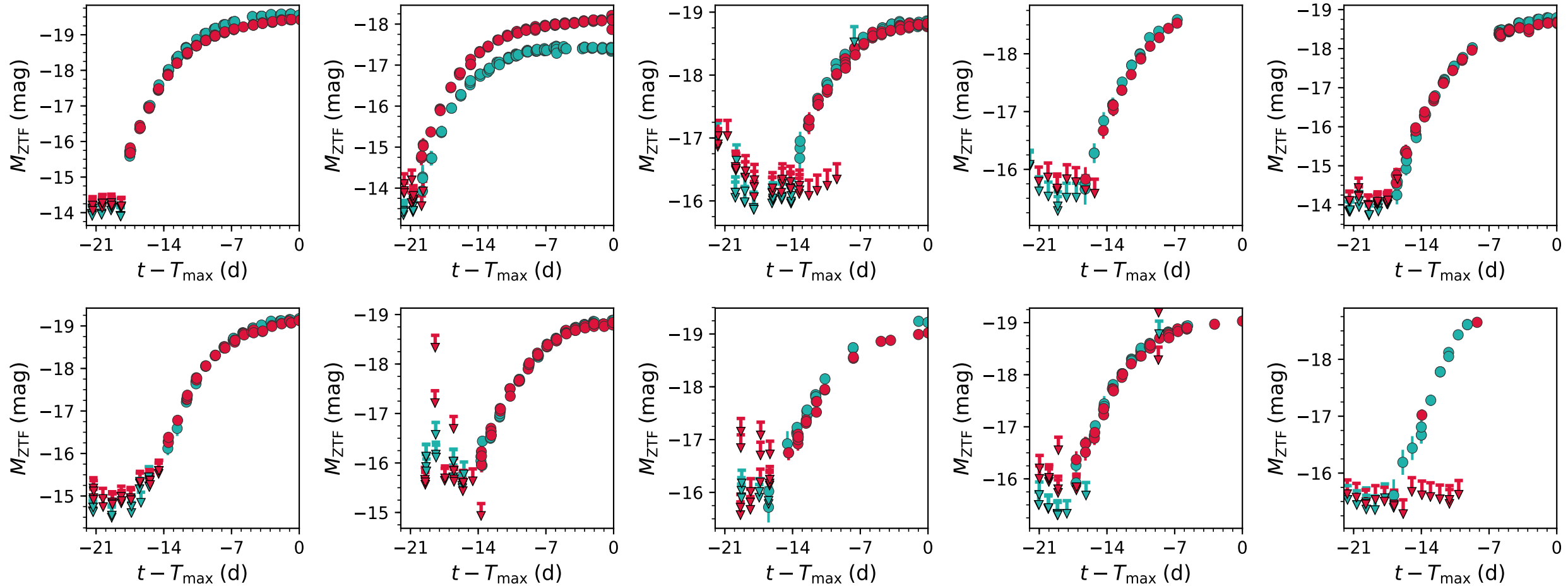
# Supernova – (2) rare events:

- Fast transients, very luminous (SLSN)
- Ca rich transients at outskirts of galaxies
- Strongly lensed SNe



# Supernova – (3) Young SN Ia and SN II

ZTF routinely finds young SNe Ia (> 12 in the period from 01 Jun – 15 Sept)

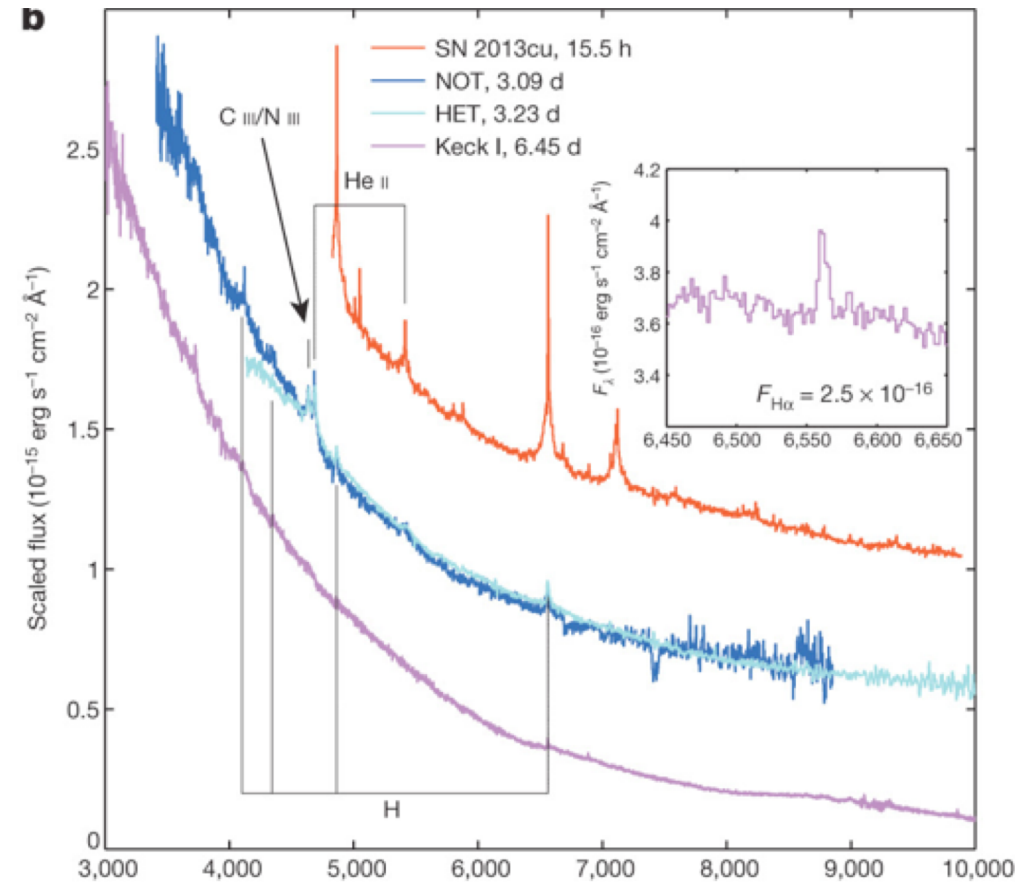
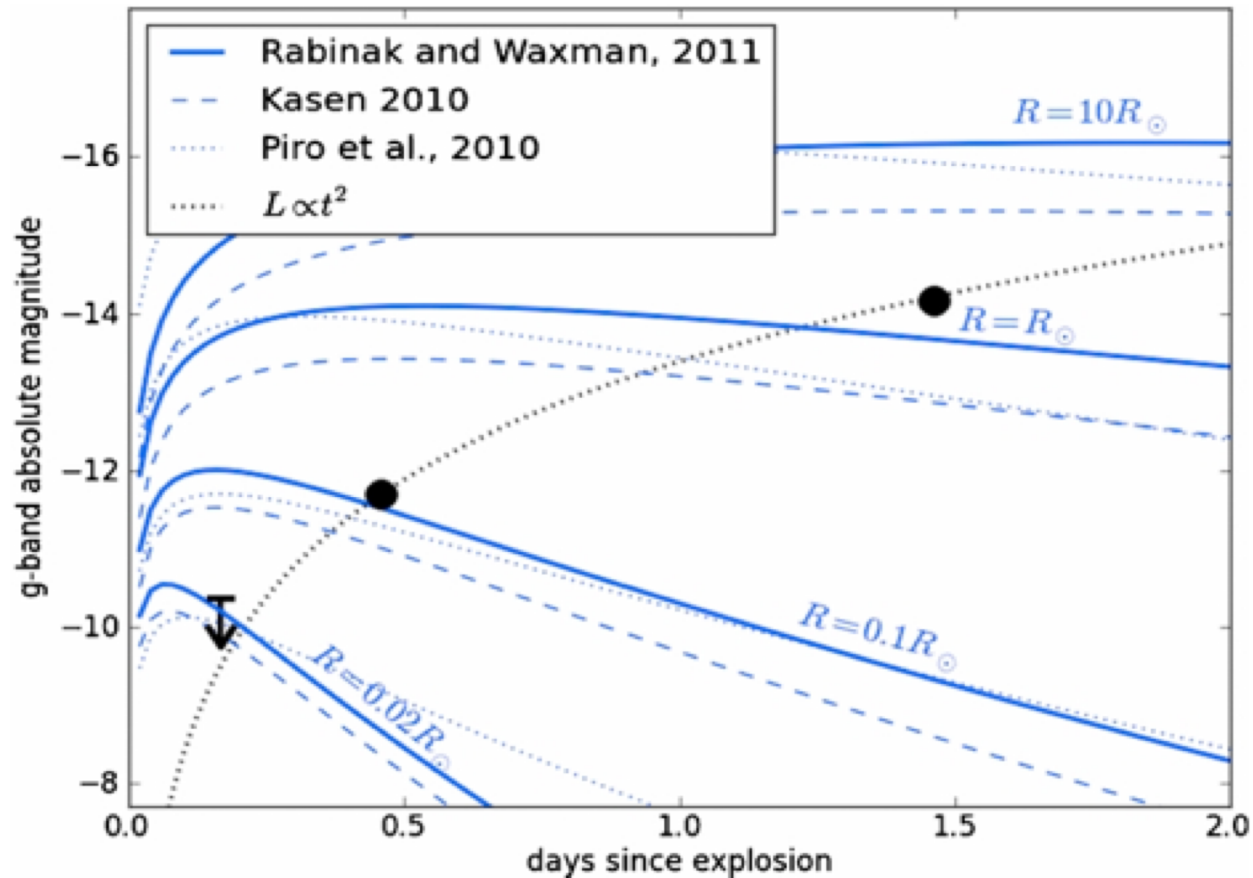


Keck ToO program is particularly important for obtaining early spectra to search for unburned C & velocity of the ejecta

# Supernova – (3) Young SN Ia and SN II

understand physics of shock breakout & shock heating;  
observe progenitor wind

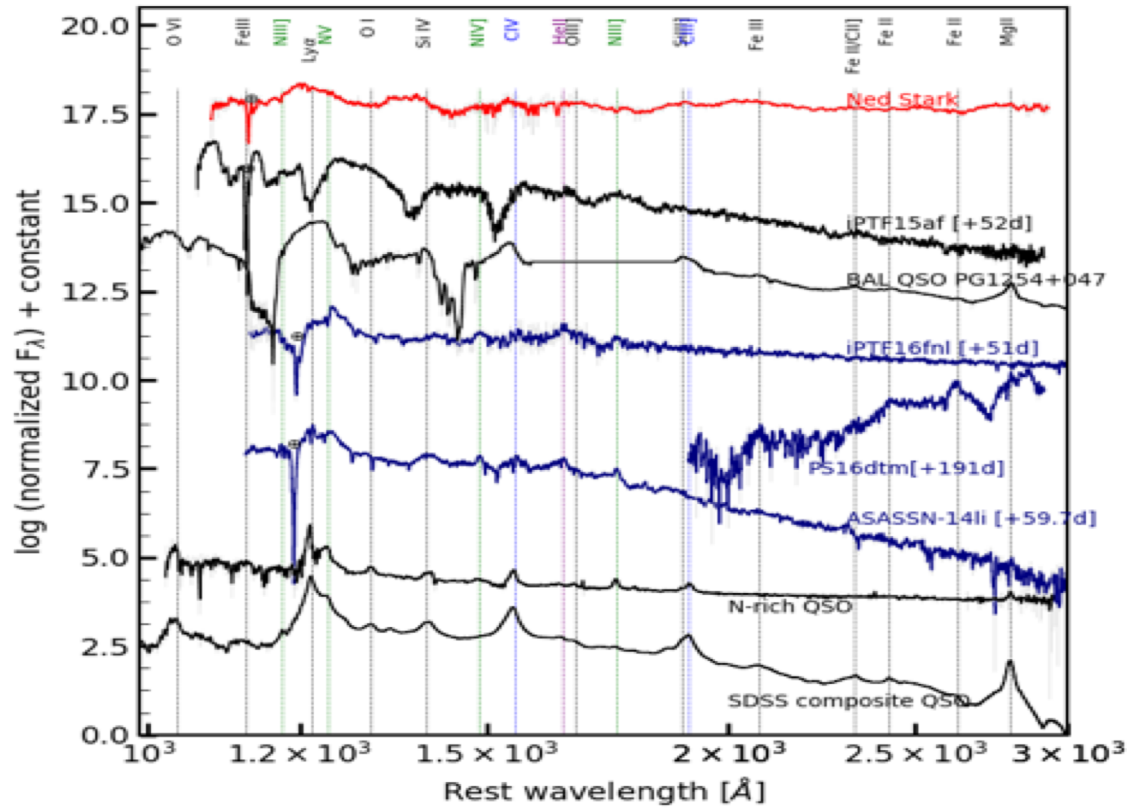
measure progenitor radius and distinguish progenitors



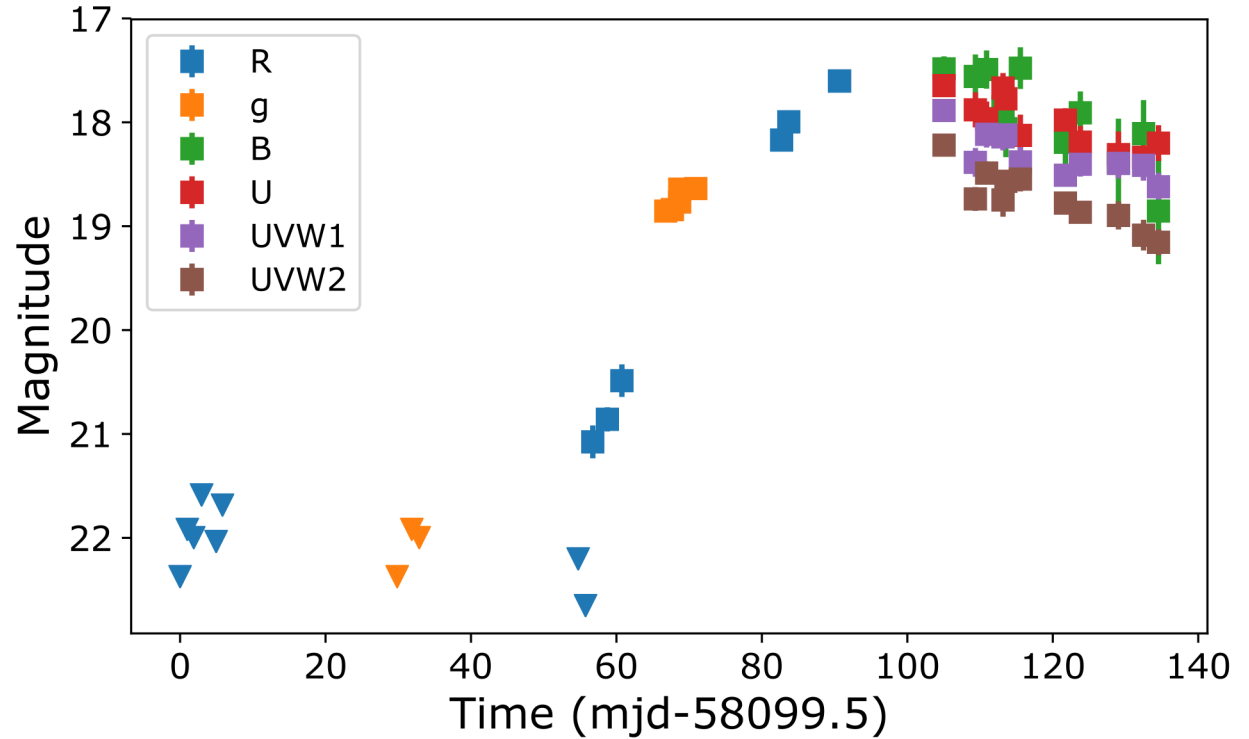
Bloom+ 2011; Gal-Yam+2013

# Nuclear Transients

- Tidal Disruption Events

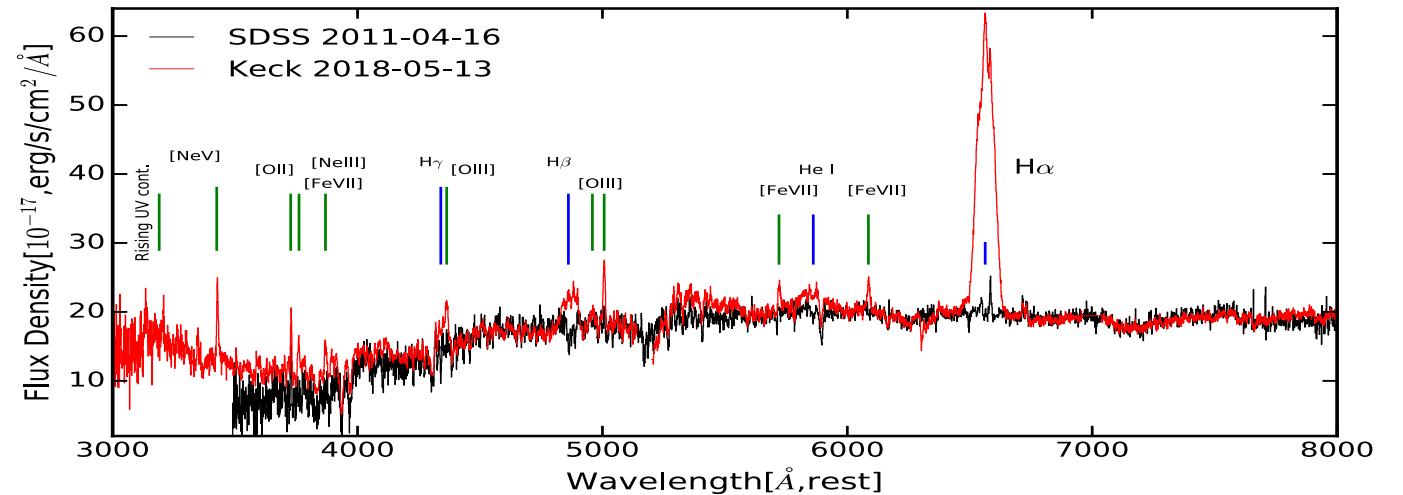
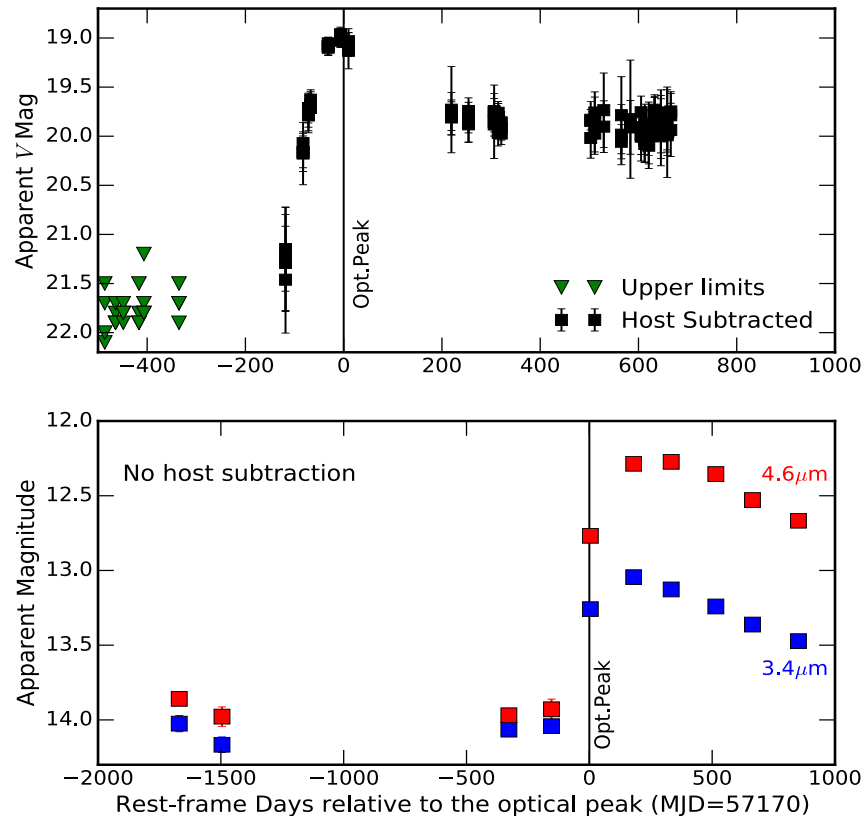


The First ZTF TDE – Van Velzen et al. 2019 in press



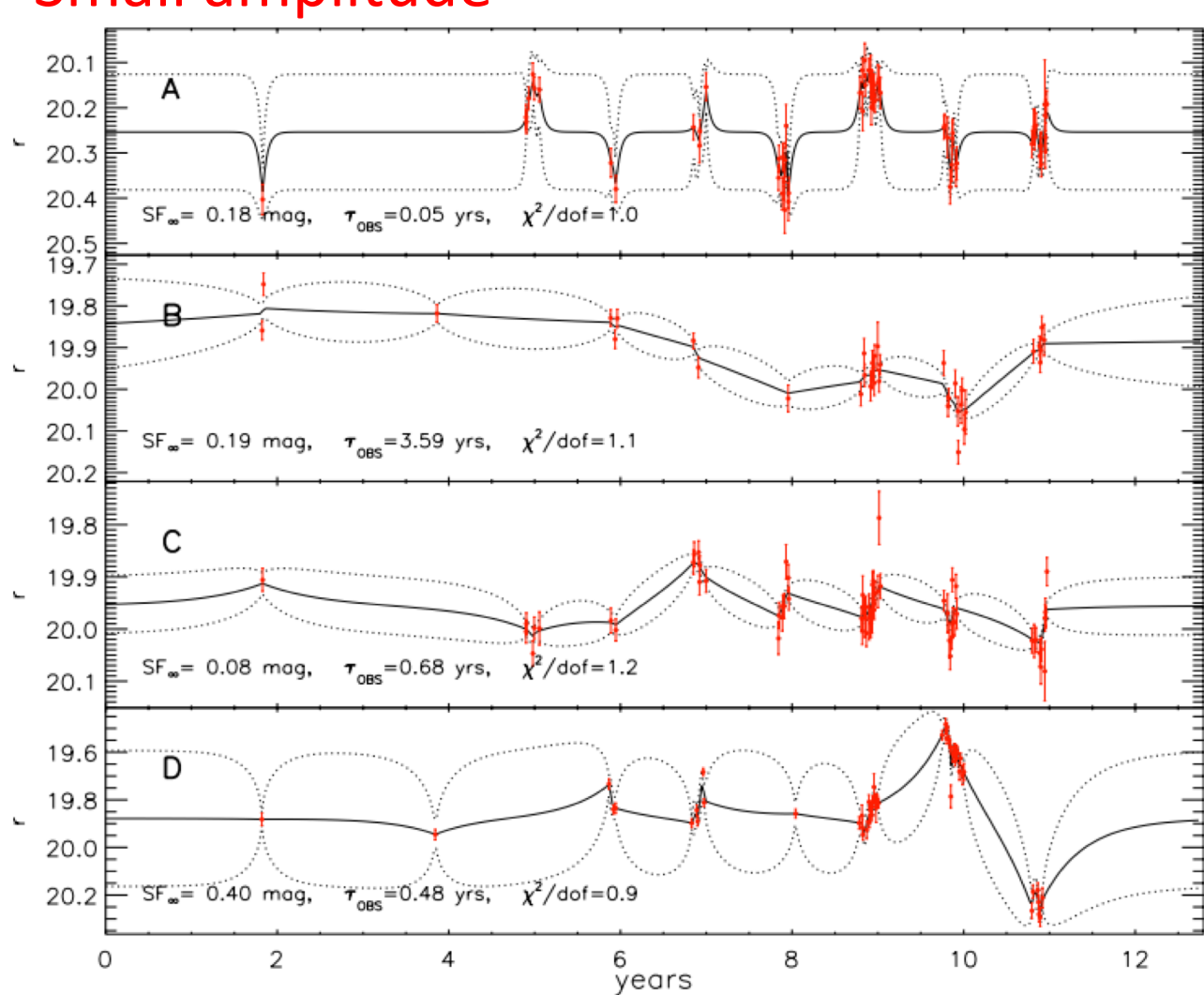
# Changing-Look AGNs

- A rapid “turn-on” of type-I AGN from quiescent state < 200days much longer than the viscous infall time. Challenging the current AGN accretion disk



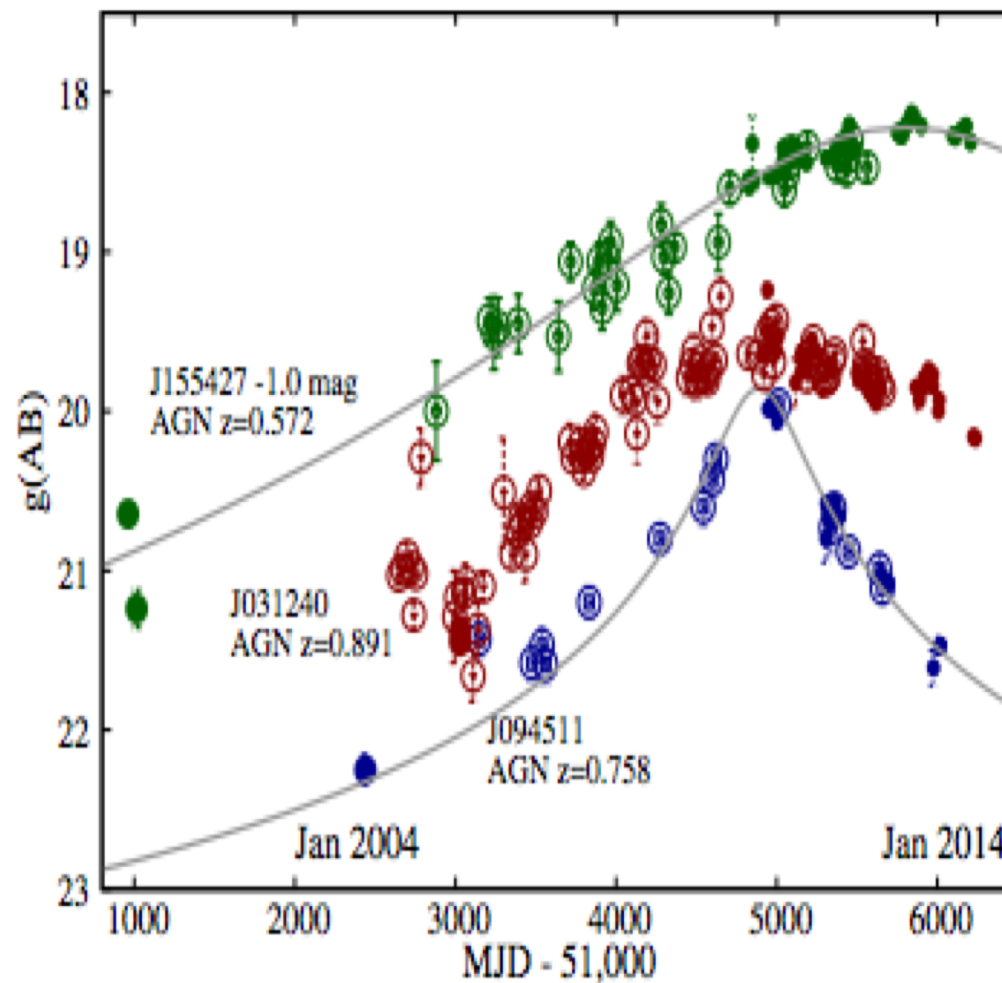
# AGN variabilities:

## Small amplitude



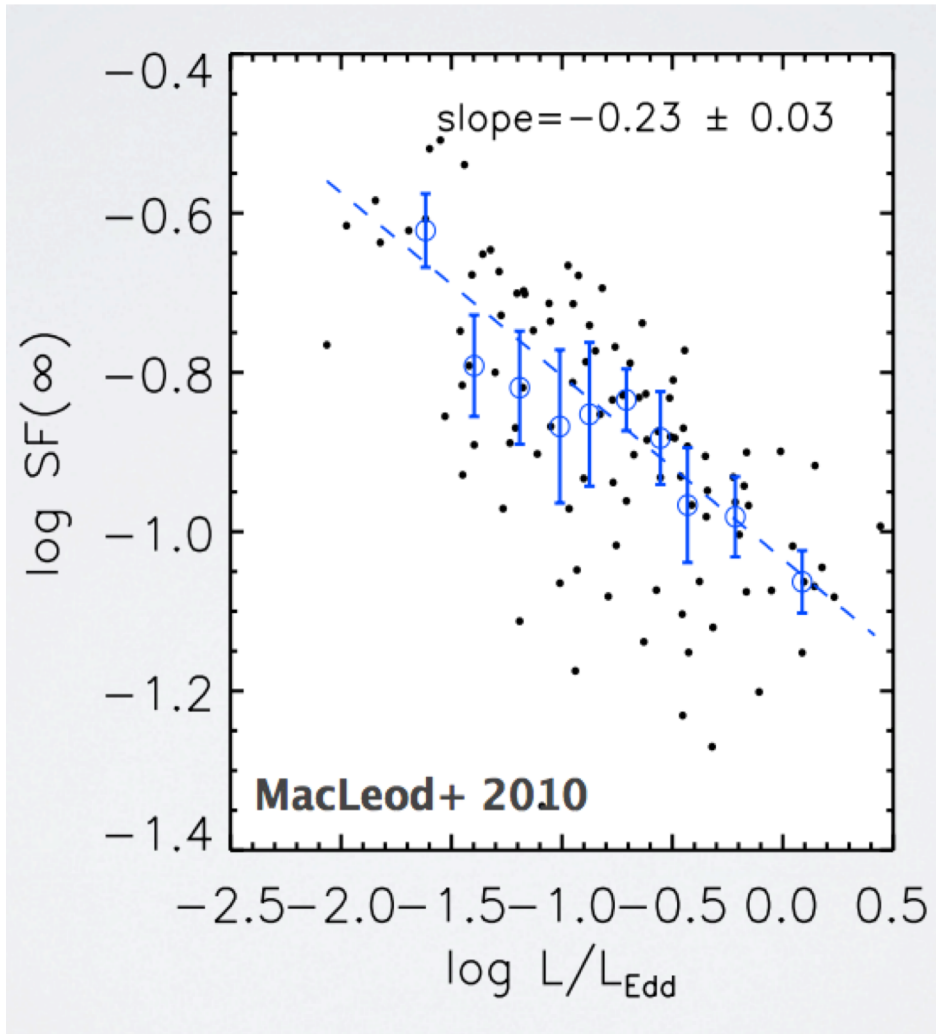
McLeod+ 2010

## Large amplitude



Lawrence+ 2016

# AGN variabilities – accretion physics

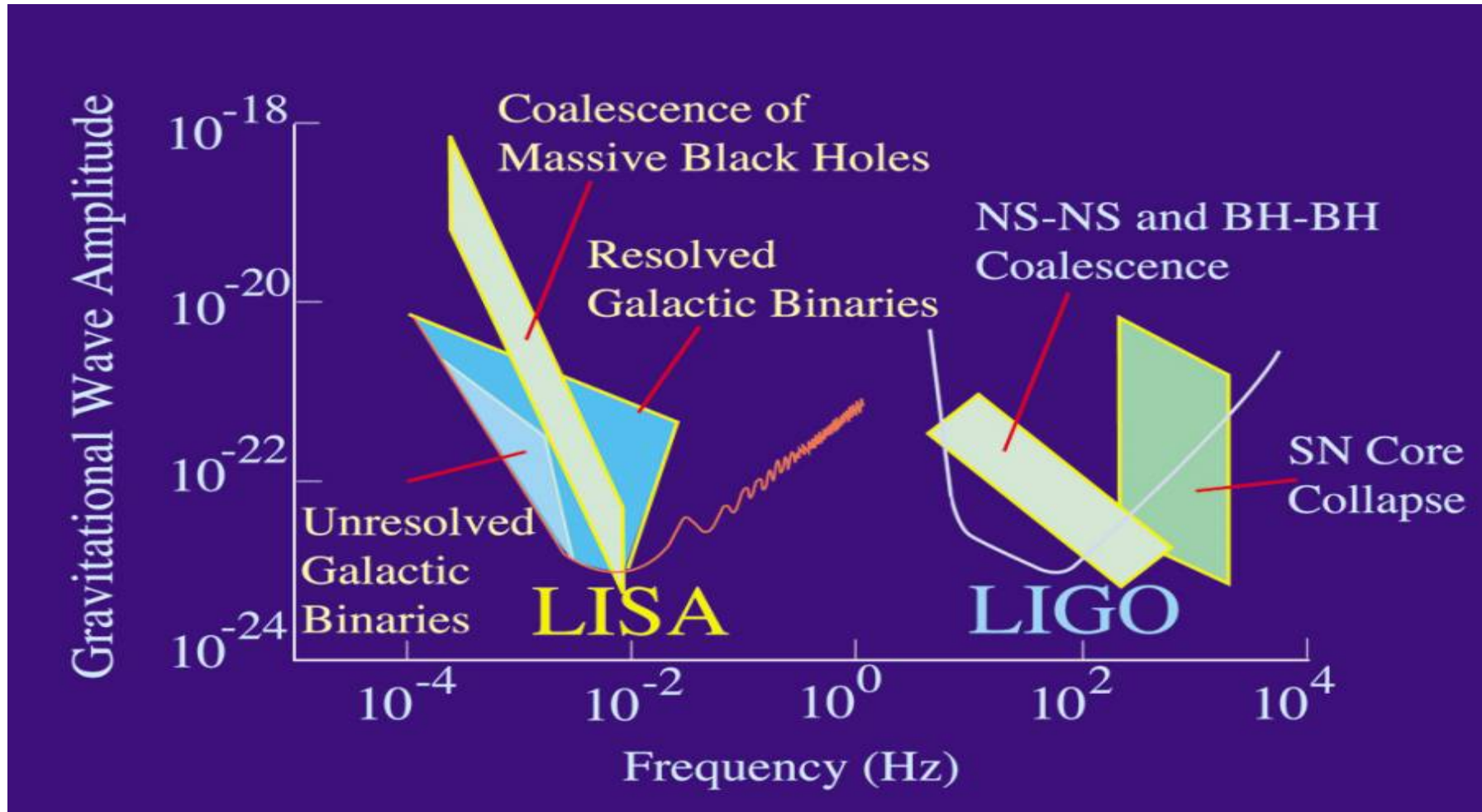


Damped Random Walk model –

Is Eddington ratio the driver of AGN variability?



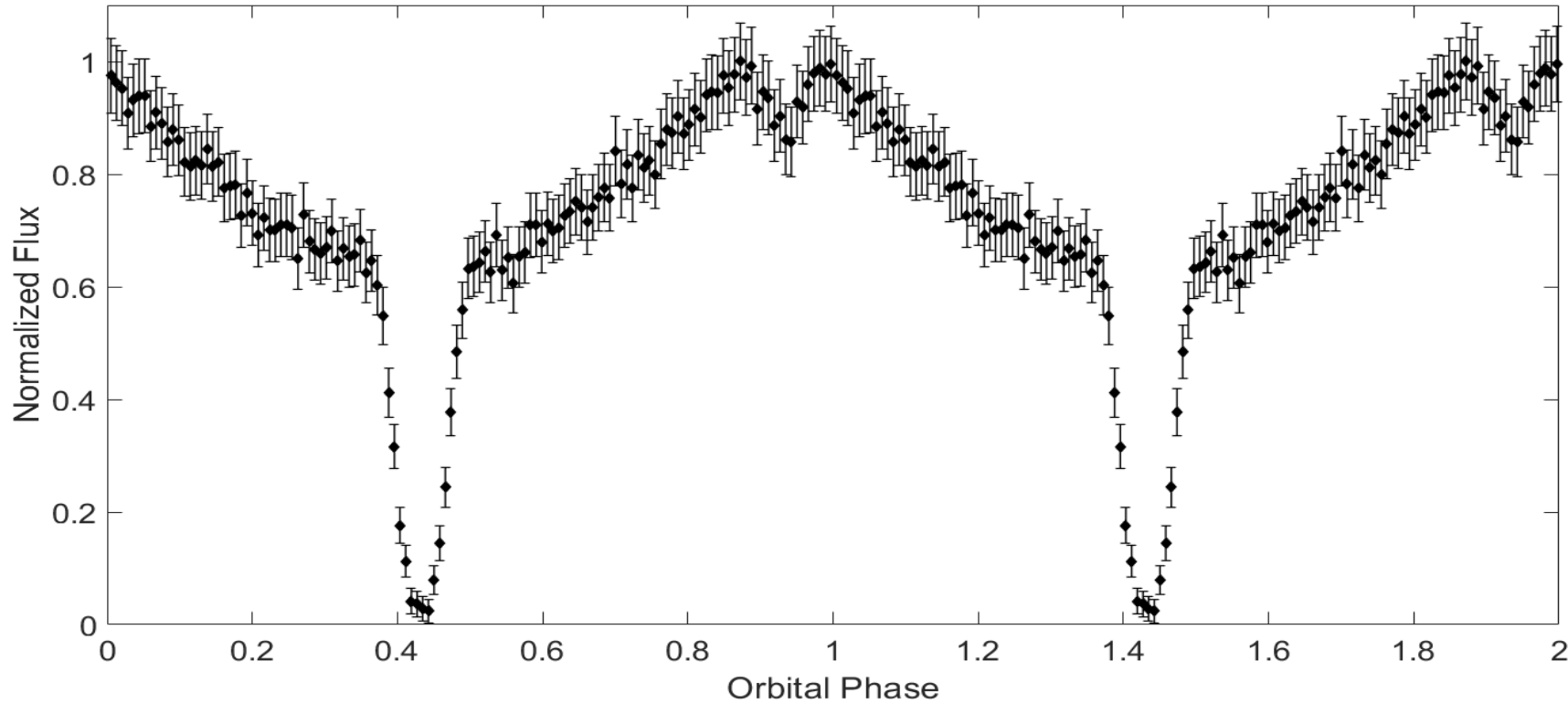
# Stellar variables – (1) compact binaries





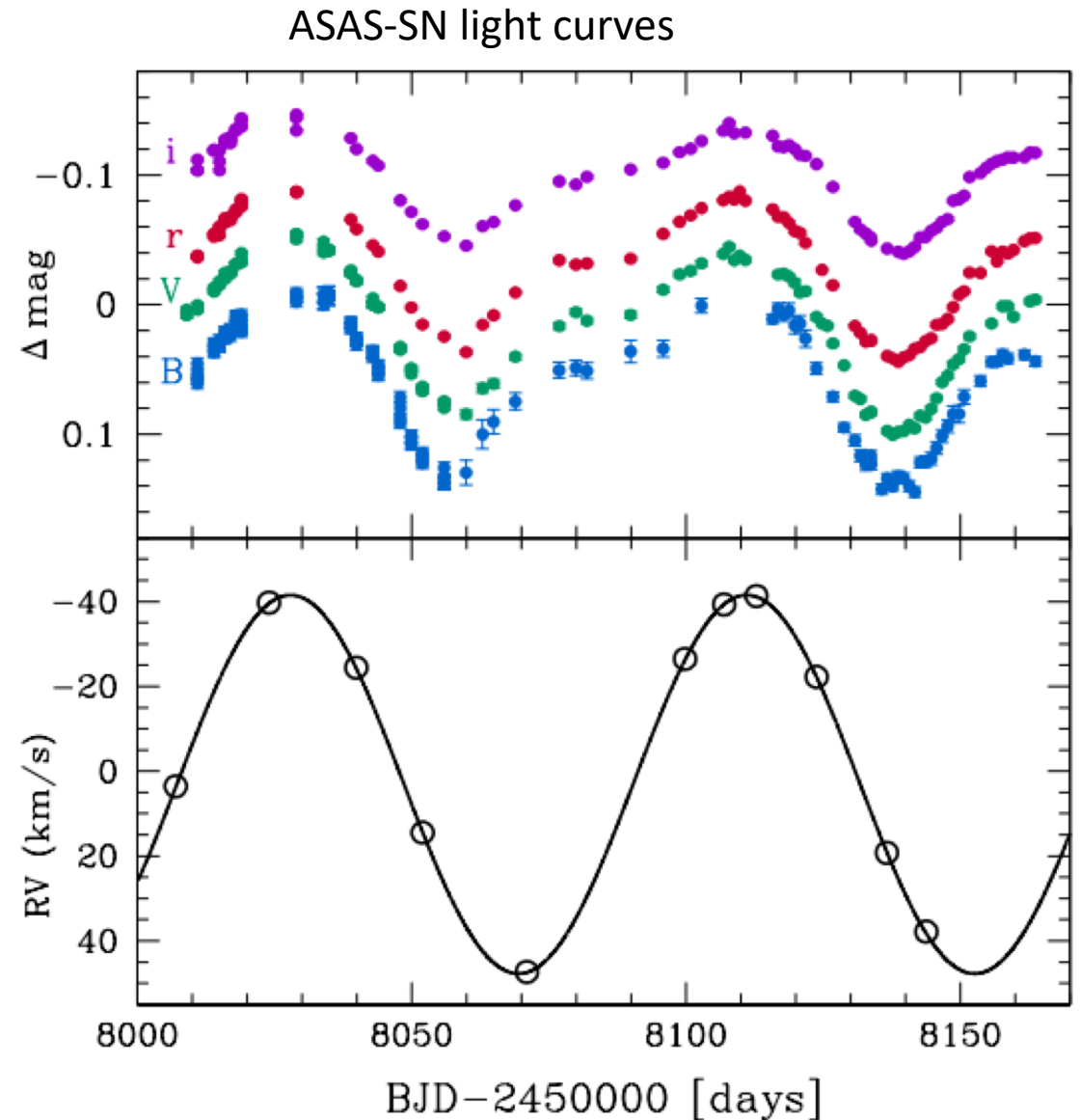
# A new ZTF eclipsing, double WD system:

## *6.9 minutes Orbit*



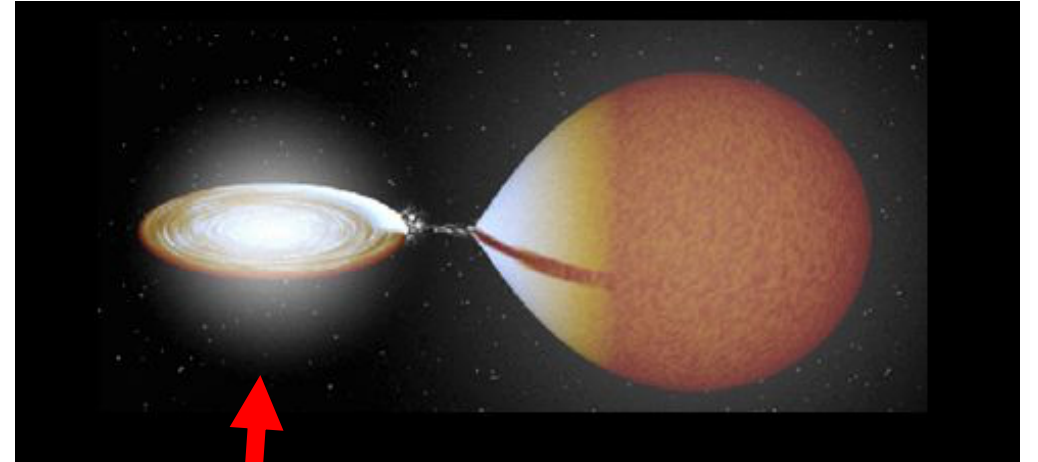
# Binaries with BH:

- A black-hole (2.5 – 5.8 $M_{\text{sun}}$ ) + a red giant with a period of 83 days



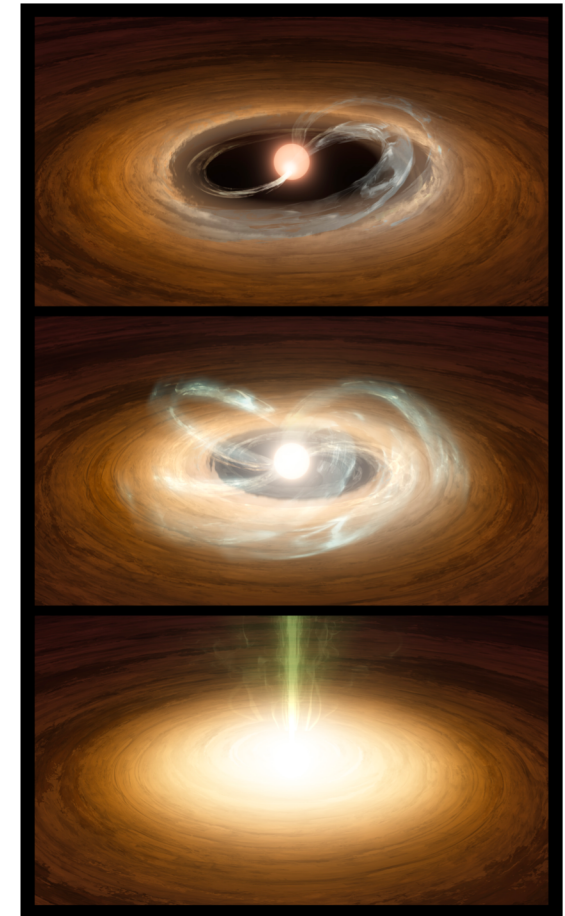
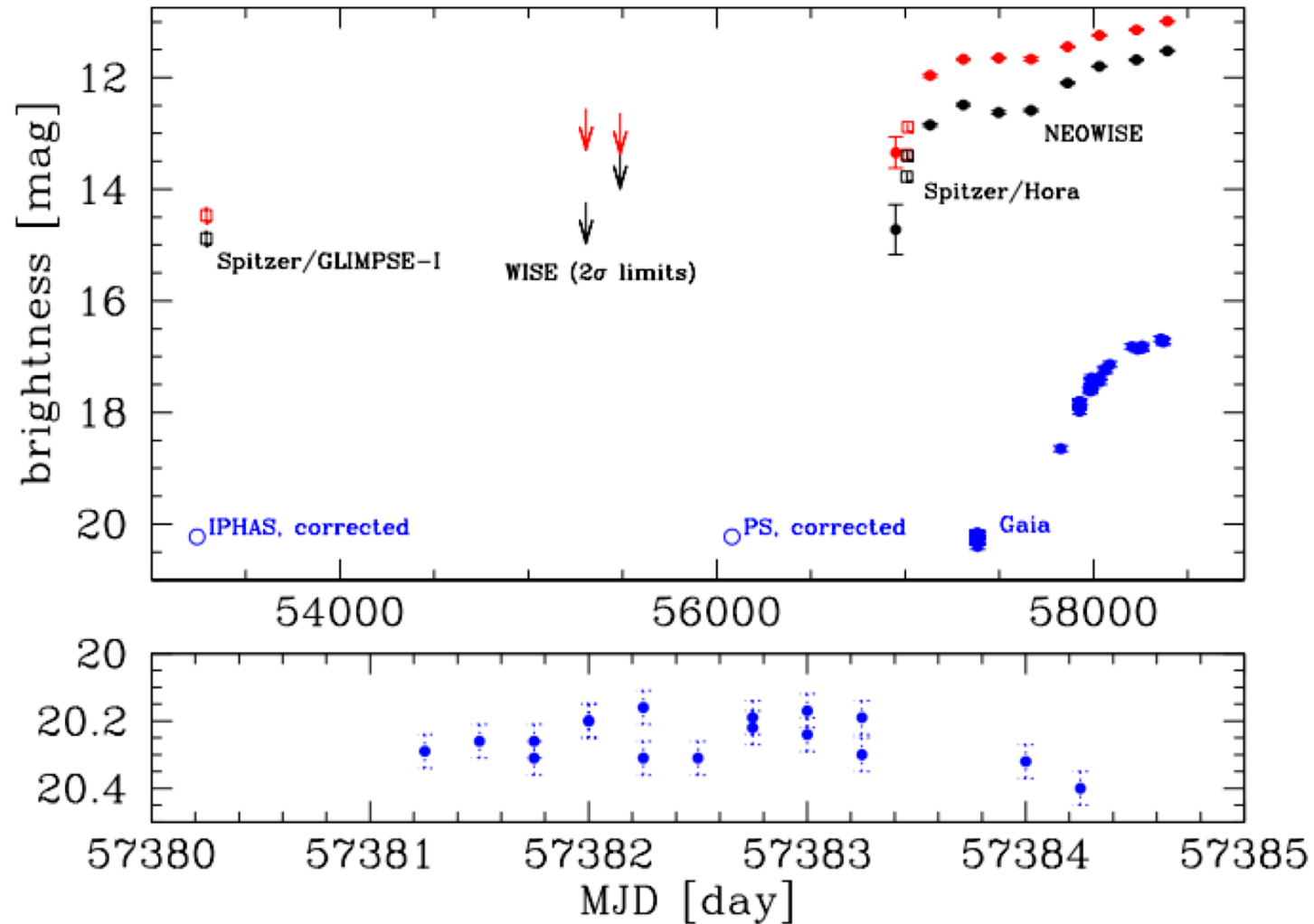
# Cataclysmic Variables from ZTF

- Paula Szkody (UW) and Jan van Roestel (Caltech) have large programs



Accreting white dwarf

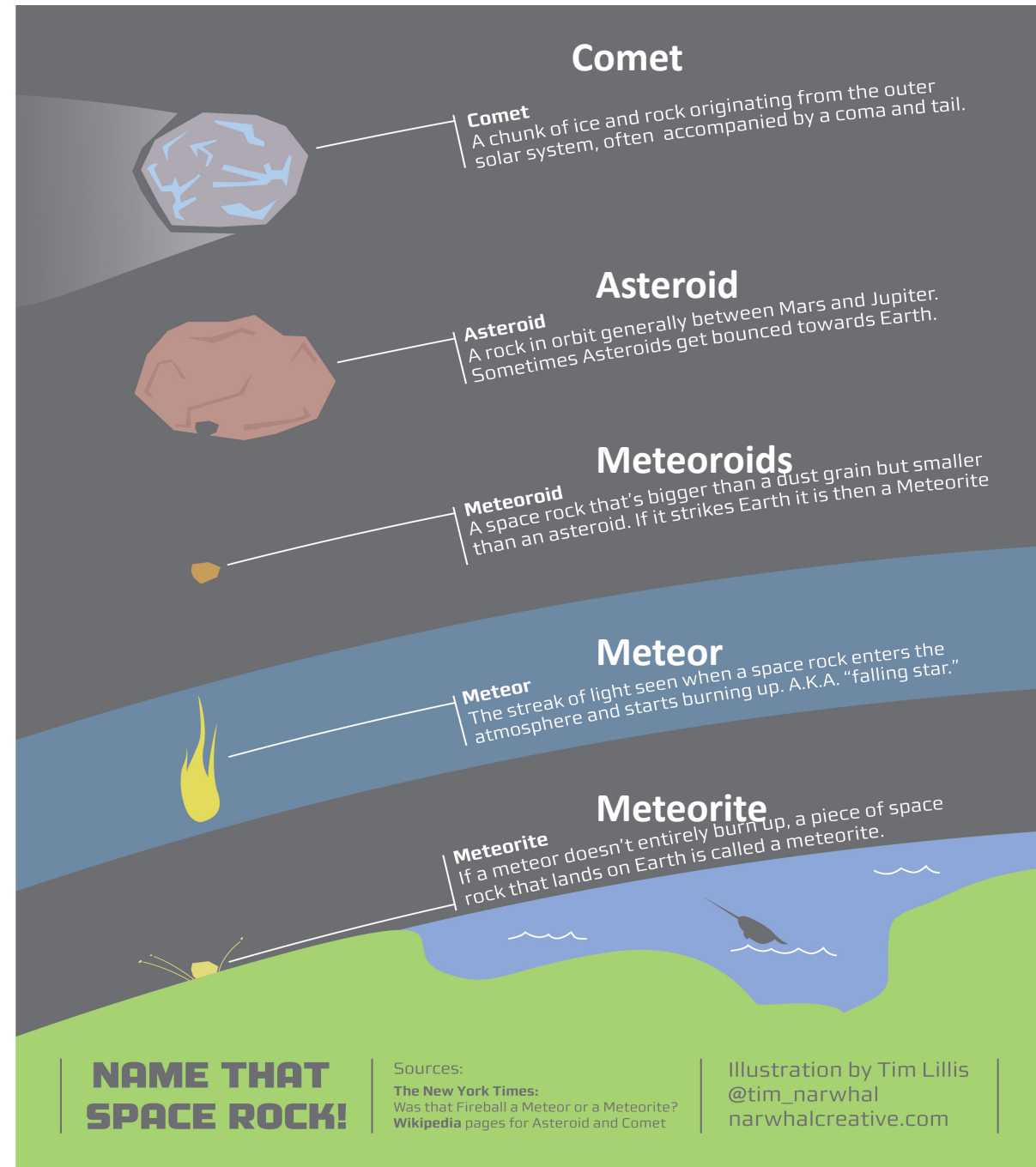
# Young stars – FU Orionis (~25 total so far)



Gaia17bpi, Hillenbrand+  
2018 ApJ

# ZTF Solar System Science

- **Discover, characterize, and monitor** small bodies in the solar system
- Enable **rapid response** on transient events
- Comets
- Main Belt Asteroids
- Near Earth Asteroids
- Centaurs
- Interstellar objects



# Most recent near Earth asteroid (~10km) from ZTF:

- 2019AQ<sub>3</sub>  
(19mag discovered by  
ZTF)

**NEO 2019AQ<sub>3</sub>**

