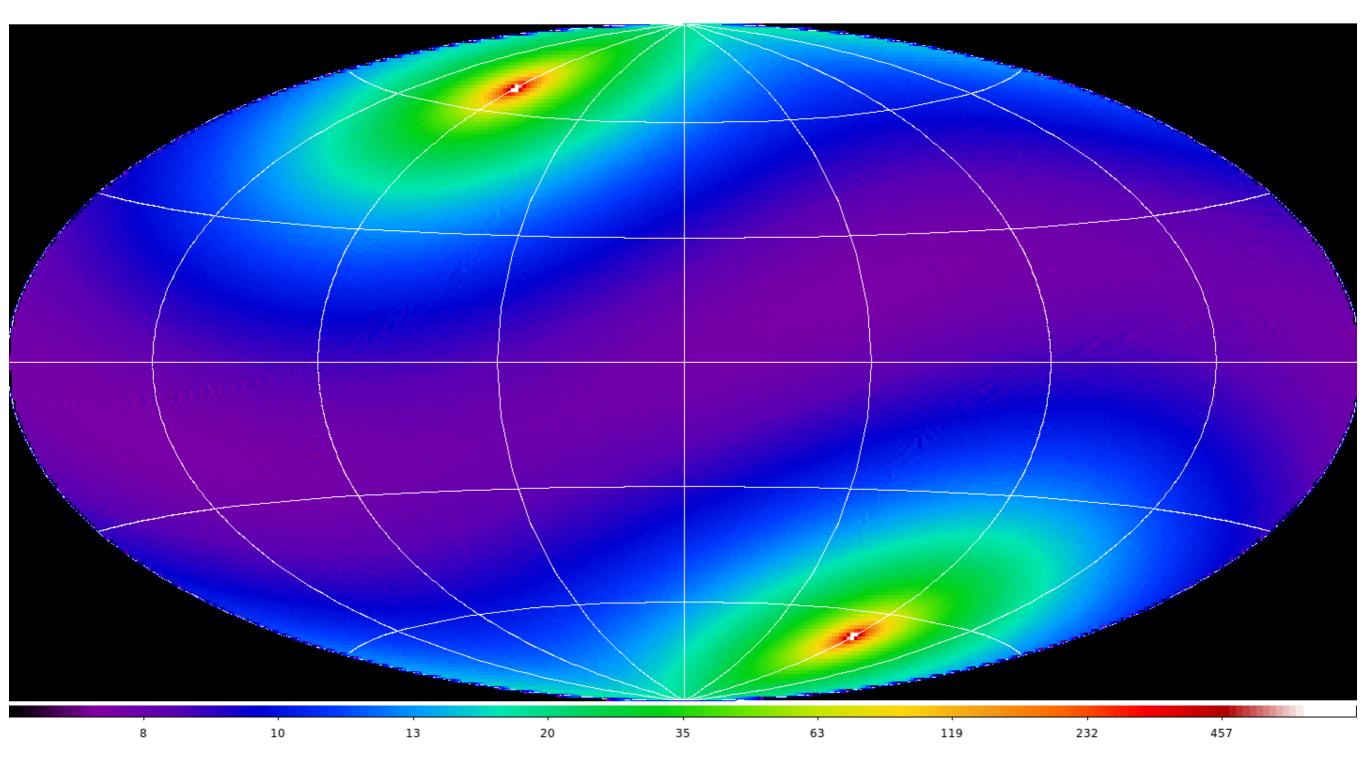
SRG in the era of TDA & MMS

Arne Rau (MPE)

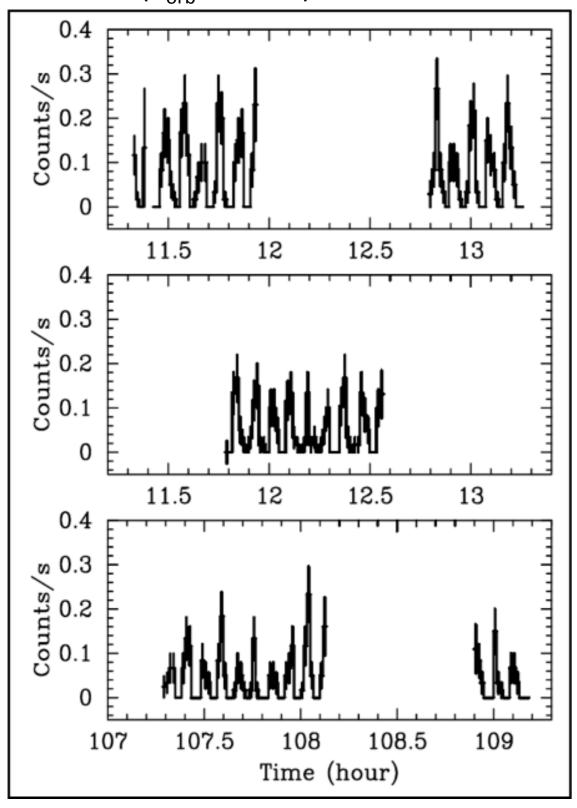
eROSITA: visits at sky position



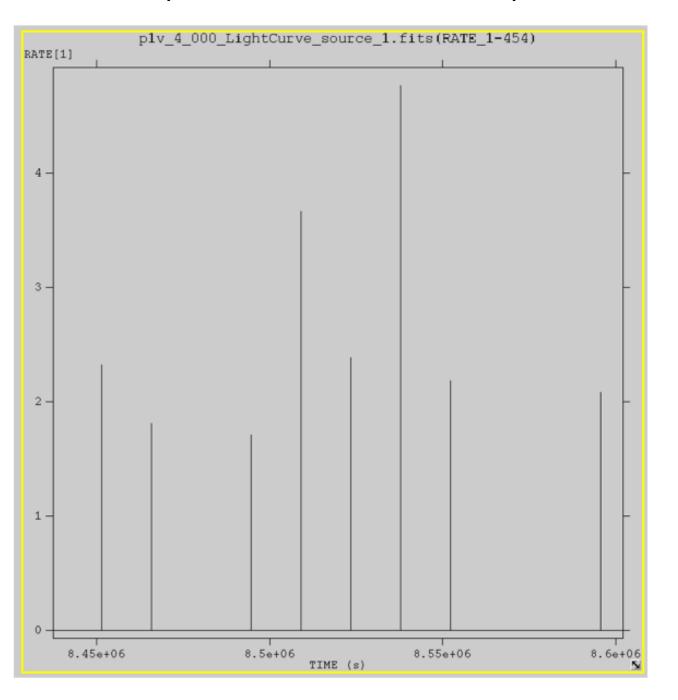
- 8-500 visits within 4yr
- each visit consists of ~6 subsequent passes with ~40s exposure every 4hrs
- probing timescales: 40s, 4h, 1d, 180d, ..., 4yr

White Dwarf Accretors (e.g., AM CVn)

HMCnc (P_{orb}=5.4min) with ROSAT...

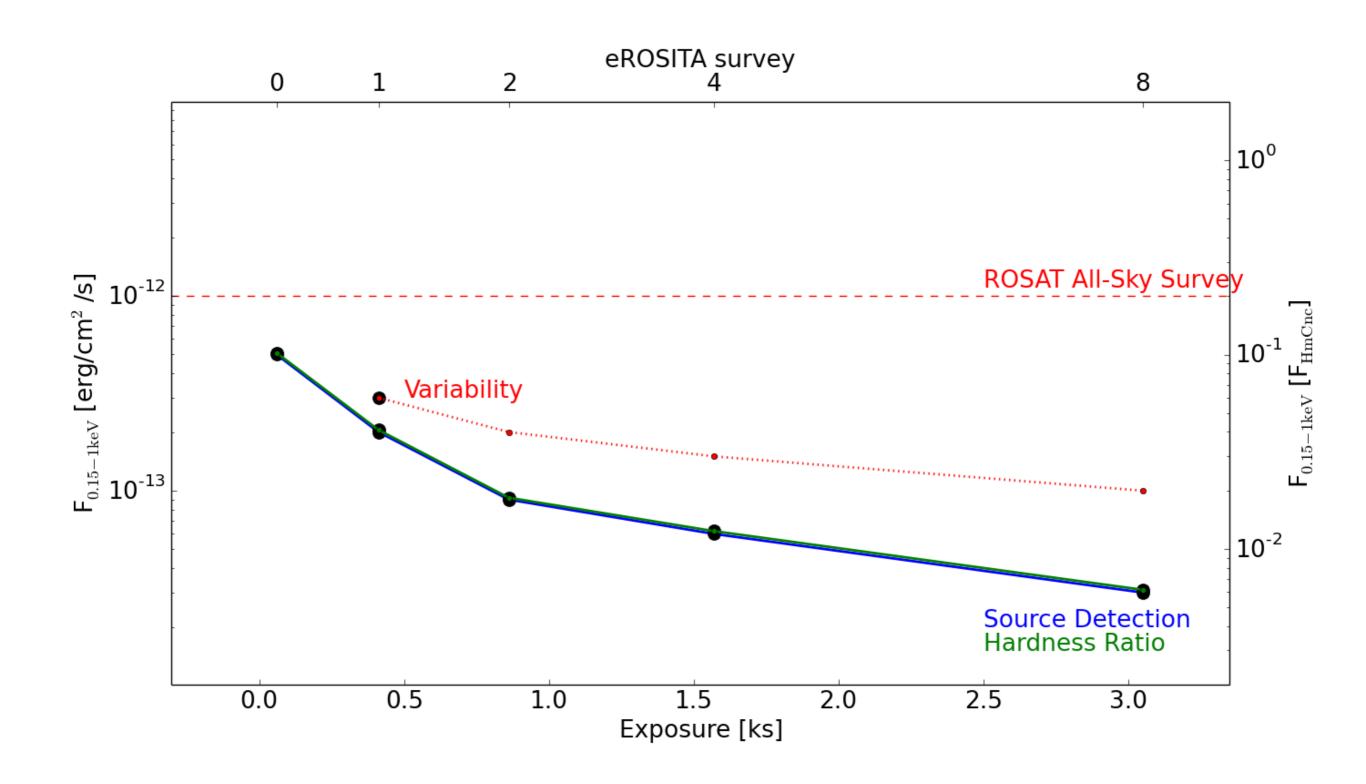


... in subsequent ~4hr cadence eRASS passes



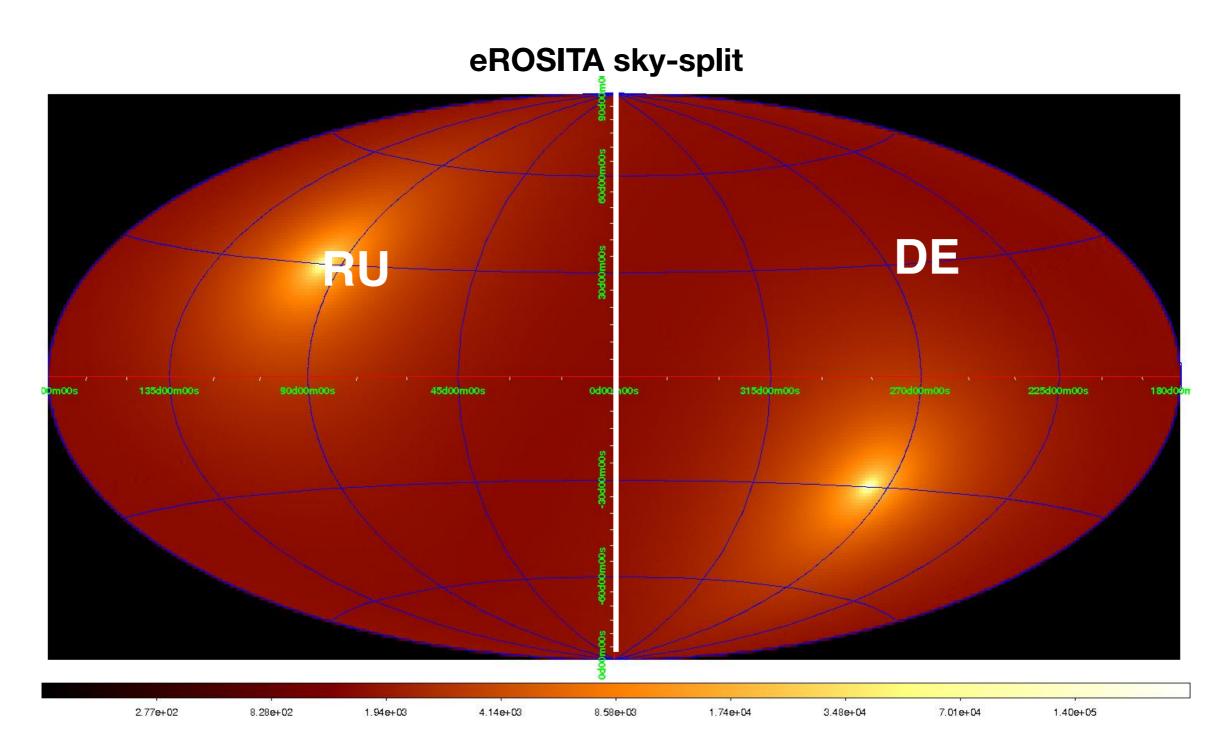
(Israel et al. 1999)

To which flux limit will eROSITA detect (and select) RXJ0806-like sources in eRASS 0,1, 2, 4 & 8?



SRG: politics

ART-XC (4-160keV): Russia owns data rights over entire sky eROSITA (0.3-10keV): data rights split evenly between Germany (West in Gal. Coord.) and Russia (East). —> 2 separate consortia, little collaboration foreseen at the moment.



eROSITA data release policy

• DE part:

- 1/2yr, 2yr(?), 4yr all-sky source catalog
- transients on best effort

• RU part:

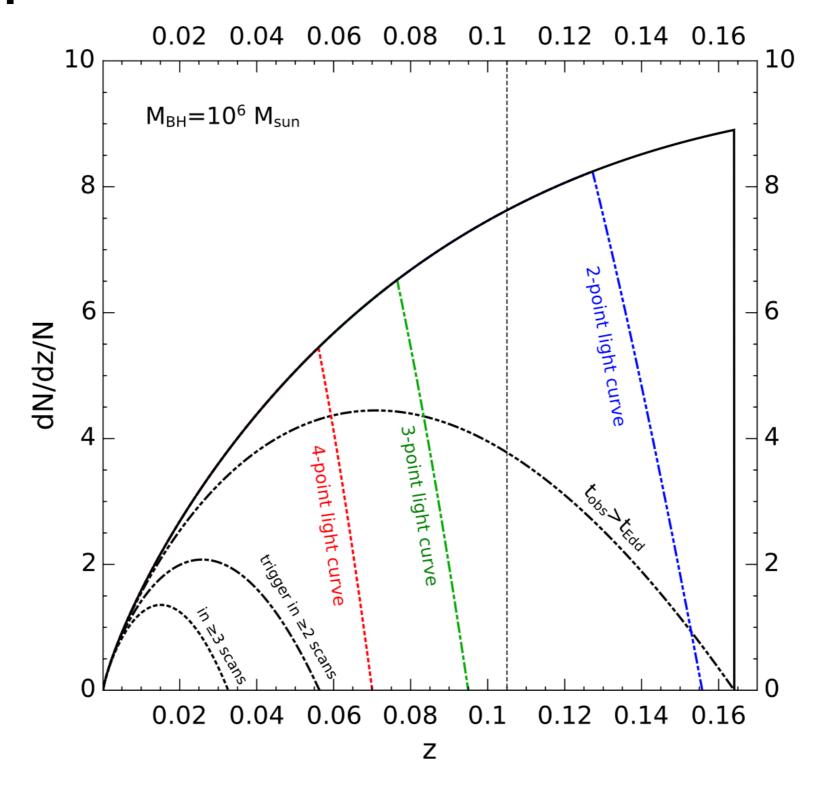
undefined

eROSITA_DE: collaboration opportunities

- Individual External Collaborations to make proposal for well-define project to Science Working Group Chairs (TDA: A.Rau, J.Wilms)
- Group External Collaborations for larger facilities through team-to-team MoUs (e.g., Hyper Supreme Cam, SDSS IV)

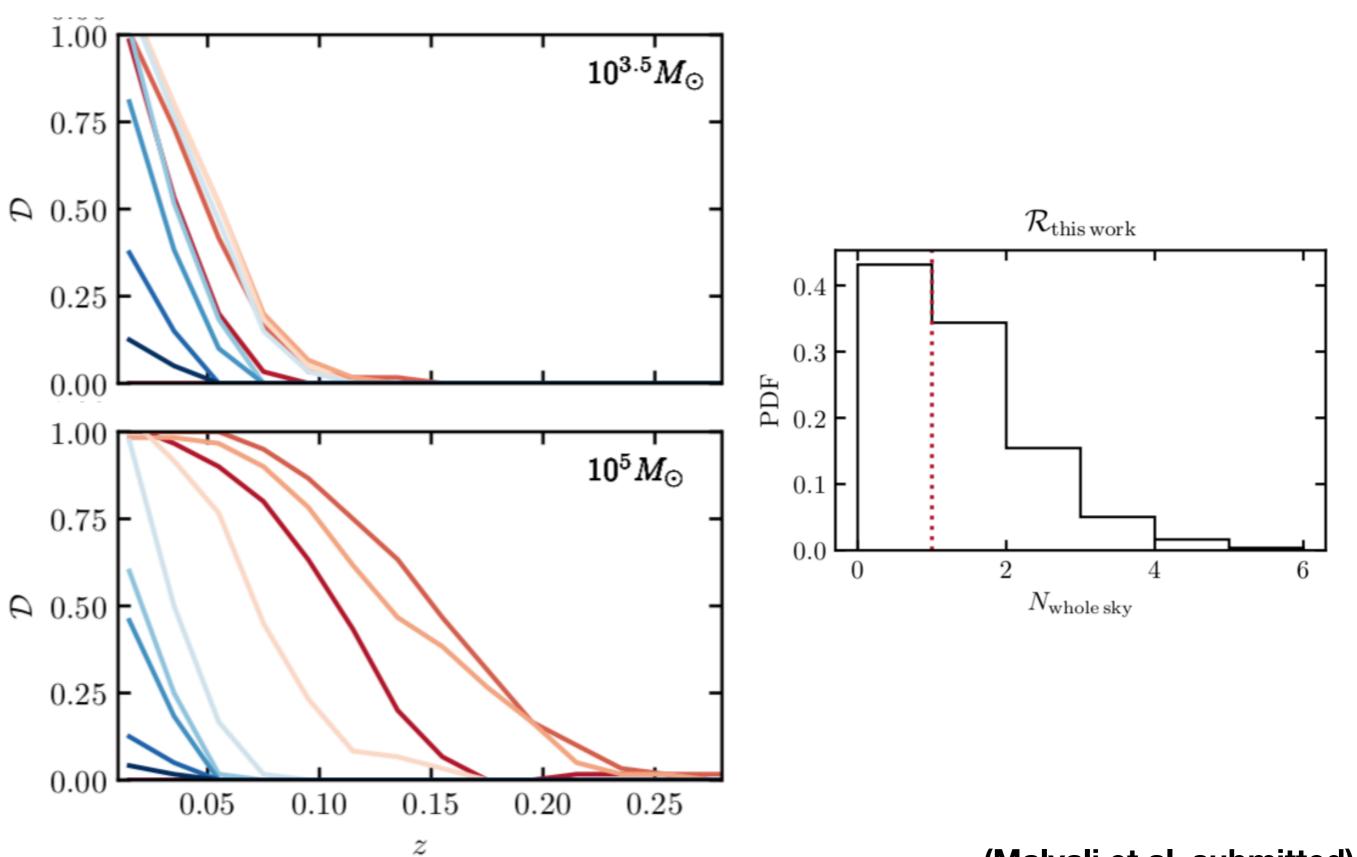
External collaborations with both, DE and RU, **not** allowed.

Khabibullin et al. (2014) (also: Thorpe et al. 2019)



- ~125 TDEs (all-sky) by comparing eRASS1 with RASS
- ~650 TDEs (all-sky) by comparing eRASS2 to eRASS1, eRASS3 to eRASS2, etc
- typically visible for 2-4 eRASS

Detection Efficiency for IMBH WD TDE



(Malyali et al. submitted)

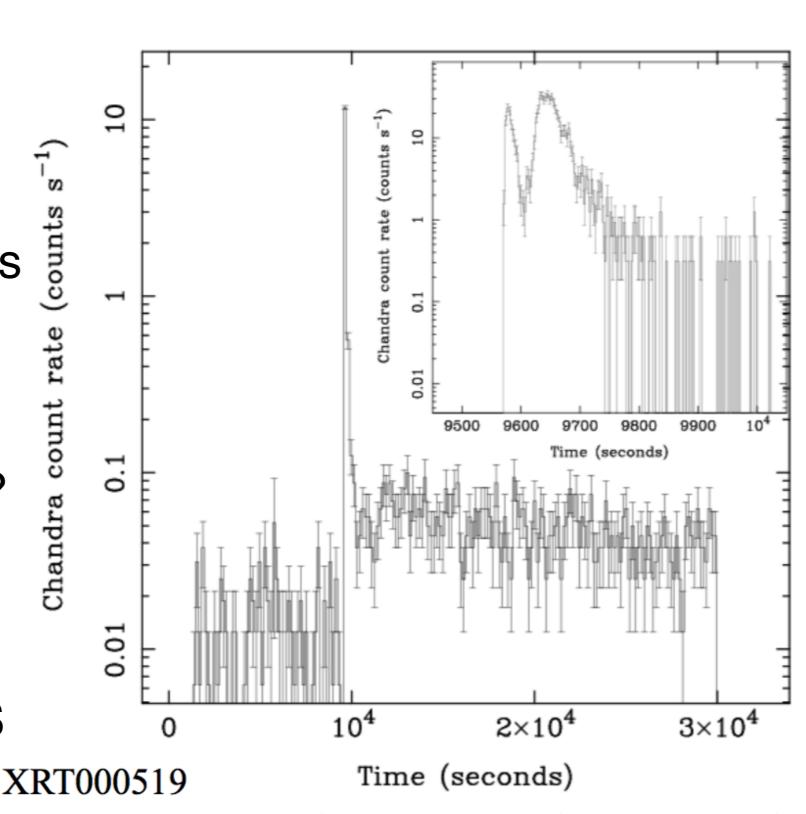
Fast X-ray transients - TDEs of WDs around IMBHs?

XRT000519:

- Chandra detection
- near M86
- F_{peak}=2x10⁻¹⁰ erg/cm²/s
- L_{peak}=6x10⁴² erg/s
- i~26mag 1yr later
- absorbed powerlaw
- 10⁴ BH disrupted WD?

Rates:

- 10⁵ all-sky yr-¹
- ~1 event d⁻¹ in eRASS



(Jonker et al. 2013, Glennie et al. 2013)

eROSITA_DE and MMS,+

· In place:

- SDSS V, 4MOST (4m, 2400 fibers, start 2022)
- JPASS (2.5m, 59 filters, 7 squ. deg. FoV)
- GROND (2.2m, 7-band sim., 4'x4' FoV)

· Needed:

- single-slit spectrograph (or SEDM)
- wide-field optical monitor for shadowing
- wide-field optical variability monitoring (and reference) for verification, classification, and follow-up